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B.C.A. (Part-II) Examination, 2021
(Theoretical Foundation of Computer Science)

Paper - I

NUMERICAL ANALYSIS

Time Allowed : Three Hours

Maximum Marks : 50

Minimum Pass Marks : 20

Note : Attempt all five questions. One question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit-I

Q. 1. Use Newton's method to find a root of the equation :

$$x^3 - 3x - 5 = 0$$

OR

Q. 2. Find a real root of the equation $x^3 - 9x + 1 = 0$, by the method of false position.

(2)

Unit-II

Q. 3. Solve by Gauss-elimination method :

$$10x + y + 2z = 13$$

$$3x + 10y + 2 = 14$$

$$2x + 3y + 10z = 15$$

OR

Q. 4. Apply factorization method to solve the equations :

$$3x + 2y + 7z = 4$$

$$2x + 3y + z = 5$$

$$3x + 4y = z = 7$$

Unit-III

Q. 5. Find the cubic polynomial which takes the following values :

$$x : 0 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3$$

$$y : 1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 10$$

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(3)

OR

- Q. 6.** Determine by Lagrange's formula the percentage number of criminal under 35 years :

Age	% number of criminals
Under 25 years	52.0
Under 30 years	67.3
Under 40 years	84.1
Under 50 years	94.4

Unit-IV

- Q. 7.** Find the first three derivatives of the function tabulated, at the point $x = 1.5$:

x	:	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0
y = f(x)	:	3.375	7.000	13.625	24.000	38.875	59.000

(4)

OR

- Q. 8.** Use Simpson's $\frac{1}{3}$ rd rule to find $\int_0^{0.6} e^{-x^2} dx$ by taking seven ordinates.

Unit-V

- Q. 9.** Use Picard's method to solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + xy$, with $x_0 = 2, y = 0$.

OR

- Q. 10.** Use Euler's method to find $y(0.4)$ from the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = xy$, $y(0 = 1)$. Take for each step $h = 0.1$.

